# SAFETY DATA SHEET



according to Workplace Safety and Health Regulations Singapore

Easy-Mix RK-7200 Structural Acrylic Adhesive Resin

# Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : Easy-Mix RK-7200 Structural Acrylic Adhesive Resin

Product code : 105641

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Adhesives

Supplier's details : WEICON GmbH & Co. KG

Königsberger Str. 255

48157 Münster

Germany

Phone: +49 251 93220 Fax: +49(0)251 / 9322 - 244 Internet: www.weicon.de

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: msds@weicon.de

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: EMERGENCY CONTACT – UK, UAE, South Africa (24h): Tel: ++44 1865 407333

(English)

TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT - UK, UAE, South Africa (24h): Tel: ++44

1865 407333 (English)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements**: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
methyl methacrylate [stable]	≥25 - ≤50	80-62-6
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	≥10 - ≤25	868-77-9
α,α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	<2.1	80-15-9
propylidynetrimethyl trimethacrylate	≤3	3290-92-4
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	<1	123-31-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Chemical formula : Not applicable.

# Section 4. First aid measures

# Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

# Section 4. First aid measures

### Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

# See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

# Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
methyl methacrylate [stable]	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006).  PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.  PEL (long term): 410 mg/m³ 8 hours.
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 2 mg/m³ 8 hours.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended: 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber; 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®/butyl rubber

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid. Color : Colorless. Odor : Characteristic. Odor threshold : Not available. : Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point : Not available. : >35°C (>95°F) Boiling point, initial boiling

point, and boiling range Flash point

: Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F)

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability : Not available. Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 2.1%

limit/flammability limit

Vapor pressure

	V	apor Pressure at 20°C		Vapor pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
methyl methacrylate [stable]	27.75	3.7				
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.06	0.008	OECD 104			
α,α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	0	0				
propylidynetrimethyl trimethacrylate	0	0	OECD 104			
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	0	0				

: Not available. Relative vapor density Relative density : Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

: Not available. Solubility in water

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

: 430°C (806°F) Auto-ignition temperature **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not available. Viscosity

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

SADT : Not available.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
methyl methacrylate [stable]	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	-
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5050 mg/kg	-
α,α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	220 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	800 mg/kg	-
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	302 mg/kg	-

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
α,α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
propylidynetrimethyl trimethacrylate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	2 %	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	5 %	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

# **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

# **Teratogenicity**

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
methyl methacrylate [stable]	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
α,α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
α,α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Category 2	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation. **Inhalation** : May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

# **Short term exposure**

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**General**: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Easy-Mix RK-7200 Structural Acrylic Adhesive Resin	41025.6	56410.3	21538.5	N/A	N/A
methyl methacrylate [stable]	7872	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	5050	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
α,α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	800	1100	700	N/A	N/A
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	302	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value	
Oral	41025.64 mg/kg	
Dermal	56410.26 mg/kg	
Inhalation (gases)	21538.46 ppm	

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
methyl methacrylate [stable]	Acute LC50 130000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 227000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
α,α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Acute LC50 12.7 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Larvae	96 hours
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	Acute EC50 130 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 44 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

# Persistence/degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Easy-Mix RK-7200 Structural Acrylic Adhesive Resin

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
methyl methacrylate [stable]	1.38	-	low
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.42	-	low
α,α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	1.6	9	low
propylidynetrimethyl trimethacrylate	2.749	-	low
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	0.59	3.162	low

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	IATA	ADR/RID
UN number	UN1133	UN1133	UN1133	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	ADHESIVES	ADHESIVES	Adhesives	ADHESIVES
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

#### **Additional information**

UN : Special provisions 223

IMDG : <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, S-D <u>Special provisions</u> 223, 955

<u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

Easy-Mix RK-7200 Structural Acrylic Adhesive Resin

# **Section 14. Transport information**

IATA : Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions:

355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344.

**Special provisions** A3

ADR/RID : Limited quantity 5 L

Tunnel code (E)

Remarks containing flammable liquid (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous

according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)

ADR Classification Code: F1

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

### Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

#### **International regulations**

# Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

# **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### **Inventory list**

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : Not determined.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

**Eurasian Economic Union** : Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted. Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted. **Thailand** : All components are listed or exempted.

: Not determined. **Turkey** 

**United States** : All components are active or exempted. **Viet Nam** : All components are listed or exempted.

# Section 16. Other information

### **History**

Date of printing : 5/14/2023 Date of issue/Date of : 5/4/2023

revision

Date of previous issue : 10/20/2022

Version : 3.02

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method
AQUATÍC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	Calculation method

**References** : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.